

No aids are allowed. Answer in English or Swedish.

1. Consider the 2π -periodic function $f(x)$ on \mathbf{R} for which $f(x) = x$, $0 < x \leq \pi$, and $f(x) = \pi - x$, $\pi < x \leq 2\pi$. Determine the Fourier series expansion of $f(x)$. Determine the sum of each of the series

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n-1}}{2n-1} \quad \text{and} \quad \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(2n-1)^2}.$$

Determine the complex numbers a , b and c that minimize the value of the integral

$$\int_0^{2\pi} |f(x) - a \sin x - b \sin 2x - c \sin 3x|^2 dx$$

and determine the minimum value of the integral.

10 p

2. Determine all continuous functions $f(x)$ on \mathbf{R} with $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} |f(x)| dx < \infty$ such that $f(x) + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x-y) e^{-|y|} dy = e^{-|x|}$ for all $x \in \mathbf{R}$.

10 p

3. a) Find the solution $u(x, t)$ to the heat equation $u_t - u_{xx} = 0$, $0 < x < 1$, $t > 0$, with initial value $u(x, 0) = x$, $0 < x < 1$, and boundary values $u_x(0, t) = 0$ and $u_x(1, t) = 0$, $t > 0$.
 b) Find the solution $v(x, t)$ to the heat equation $v_t - v_{xx} = x$, $0 < x < 1$, $t > 0$, with initial value $v(x, 0) = x$, $0 < x < 1$, and boundary values $v_x(0, t) = 0$ and $v_x(1, t) = 0$, $t > 0$.

10 p

4. Let $f(x)$ be an arbitrary complex-valued C^2 -function on $0 \leq x \leq \pi$ such that $f(0) = 0$ and $f(\pi) = 0$. Let $f(x) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \sin nx$ be the sine series expansion of $f(x)$ on $0 \leq x \leq \pi$. Show that $f'(x) \sim \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n a_n \cos nx$ is the cosine series expansion of the first derivative $f'(x)$ on $0 \leq x \leq \pi$, and that $f''(x) \sim -\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} n^2 a_n \sin nx$ is the sine series expansion of the second derivative $f''(x)$ on $0 \leq x \leq \pi$. Prove the inequalities

$$\int_0^{\pi} |f(x)|^2 dx \leq \int_0^{\pi} |f'(x)|^2 dx \quad \text{and} \quad \int_0^{\pi} |f'(x)|^2 dx \leq \left(\int_0^{\pi} |f(x)|^2 dx \right)^{1/2} \left(\int_0^{\pi} |f''(x)|^2 dx \right)^{1/2}$$

and for each inequality determine all functions $f(x)$ giving equality in the inequality.

10 p

5. For $u \in \mathbf{R}$ show that

$$\frac{1}{2} \int_0^2 \sin ux dx - \frac{1}{8} \int_0^4 \sin ux dx = \begin{cases} \frac{\sin^4 u}{u} & \text{if } u \neq 0 \\ 0 & \text{if } u = 0. \end{cases}$$

Show that the generalized integral

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^4 u}{u} \sin ux du$$

is convergent for each $x \in \mathbf{R}$ and determine the value of the generalized integral for each $x \in \mathbf{R}$. Determine the value of

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^8 u}{u^2} du.$$

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Continuation on the other side.

6. Let $f(x)$ be an arbitrary complex-valued piecewise continuous function on $0 \leq x \leq 2\pi$ and let $g(x)$ be an arbitrary complex-valued 2π -periodic piecewise continuous function on \mathbf{R} . Let $g(x) \sim \frac{1}{2}a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty}(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$ be the Fourier series expansion of $g(x)$. Set $S_N(x) = \frac{1}{2}a_0 + \sum_{n=1}^N(a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx)$ for integers $N \geq 1$. Show that

$$\left| \int_0^{2\pi} f(x)(g(\lambda x) - S_N(\lambda x)) dx \right| \leq \sqrt{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{2\pi} |f(x)|^2 dx \right)^{1/2} \left(\sum_{n=N+1}^{\infty} (|a_n|^2 + |b_n|^2) \right)^{1/2}$$

for all real numbers $\lambda > 1$ and all integers $N \geq 1$. Show that

$$\int_0^{2\pi} f(x)g(\lambda x) dx \rightarrow \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(\int_0^{2\pi} f(x) dx \right) \left(\int_0^{2\pi} g(x) dx \right) \text{ as } \lambda \rightarrow \infty.$$

10 p

Return of examination scripts Monday January 16 between 11.45 and 12.00 in room 32 house 5, and thereafter in room 204 house 6.