

**No calculators, books, or other resources allowed. Max score on each problem is 5p; grade of E guaranteed at 15p. Appropriate amount of details required for full marks.**

1. Calculate all Laurent series expansions of the function

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{z^2 + (4 - 3i)z - 12i}$$

centered at  $z_0 = 3i$ .

2. Find all  $a, b, c \in \mathbb{R}$  such that  $ax^2 + be^{x-y} + cy^2$  is the real part of an analytic function. Moreover, for each such triple  $(a, b, c)$  determine all these analytic functions.
3. Determine the value of the integral

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{(x^2 + a^2)(x^2 + b^2)} dx,$$

where  $a, b > 0$  are real with  $a \neq b$ .

4. Let  $a \in \mathbb{C}$  with  $|a| > e$ . Prove that the equation

$$e^z = az^n$$

has precisely  $n$  solutions in the open unit disc  $|z| < 1$ .

5. Show that if  $f$  is analytic at  $z_0$  and  $f'(z_0) \neq 0$  then there exists an open disk  $D$  centered at  $z_0$  such that  $f$  is injective on  $D$ . (In particular,  $f$  is conformal on  $D$ .)
6. (a) Show that the function  $A \operatorname{Log} |z| + B$ , with  $A, B \in \mathbb{R}$  constant, is harmonic in each domain that does not contain the origin.
- (b) Find a pair of complex numbers that are symmetric with respect to both the real axis and the circle  $|z + 5i| = 4$ .
- (c) Determine a harmonic function in  $\{z \in \mathbb{C} : \operatorname{Im} z < 0, |z + 5i| > 4\}$  that is equal to 0 on the circle  $|z + 5i| = 4$  and equals 1 on the real axis.

Exams will be returned on 19 December 2019 at 3 pm in room 414, building 6, and will be stored in the students' office afterwards.