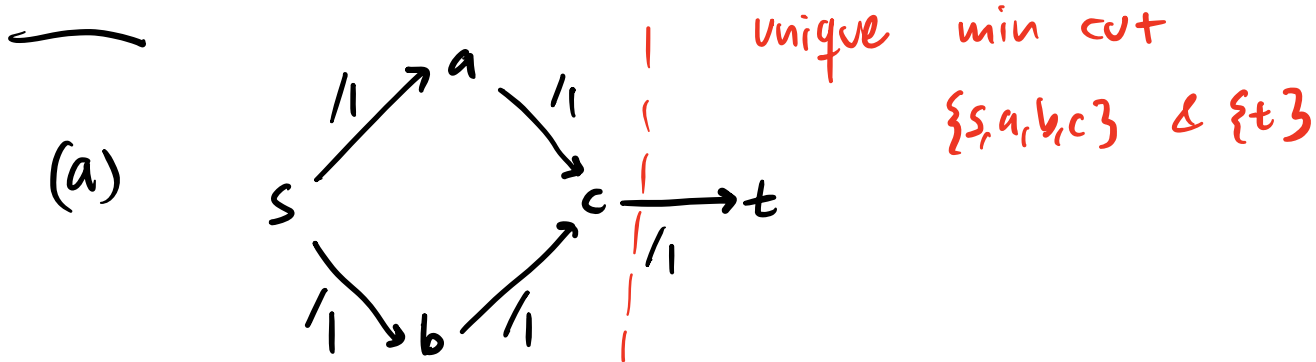


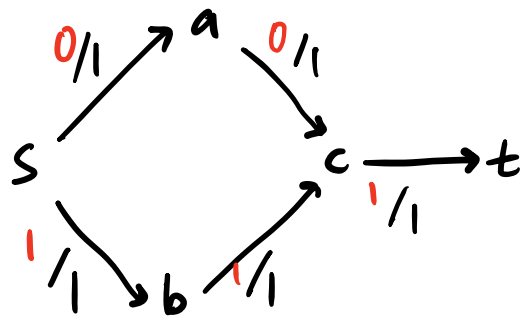
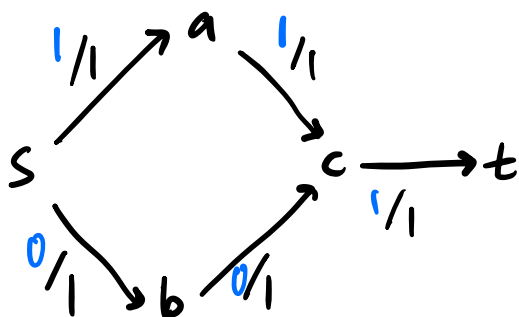
Uniqueness : Prove/disprove for flow network G

(a) G has unique min-cut $\Rightarrow G$ has unique max flow

(b) G has unique max flow $\Rightarrow G$ has unique min-cut



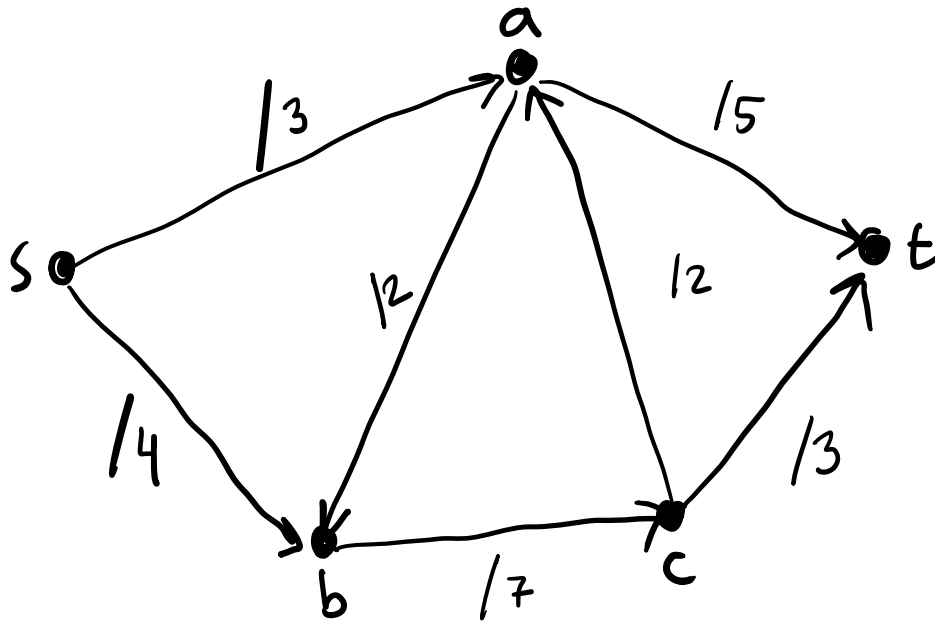
However, two distinct max flows



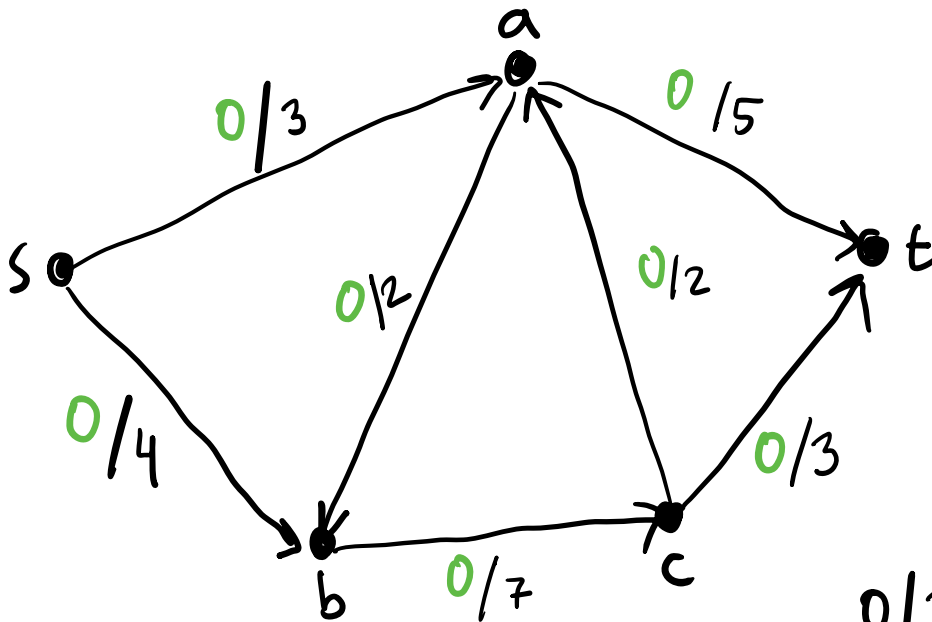
(b) $s \xrightarrow{1} a \xrightarrow{1} t$

has a unique max flow but two min cuts
 $s|a$ resp $s|t$

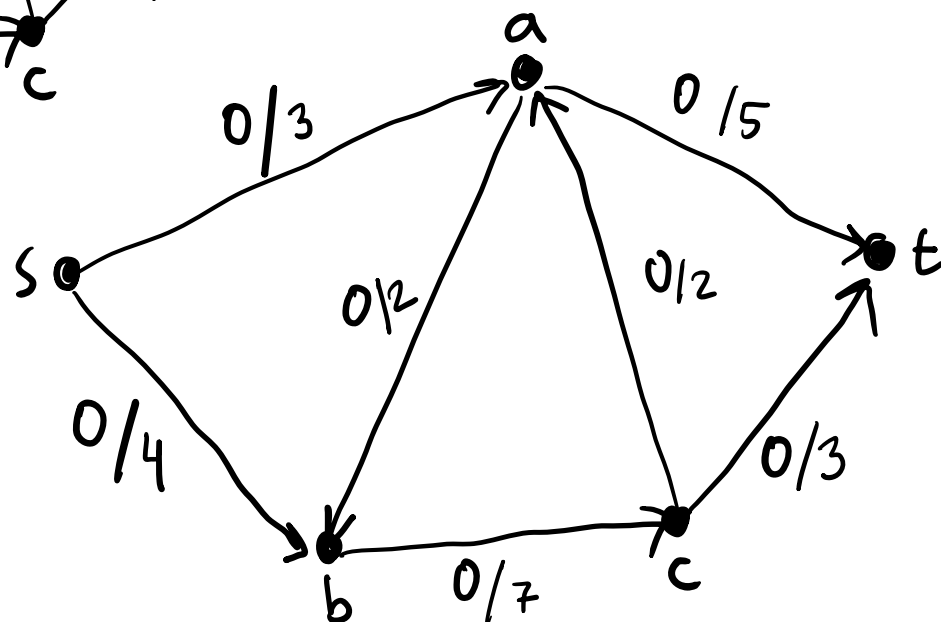
Flow network with capacities. Apply Ford-Fulkerson.

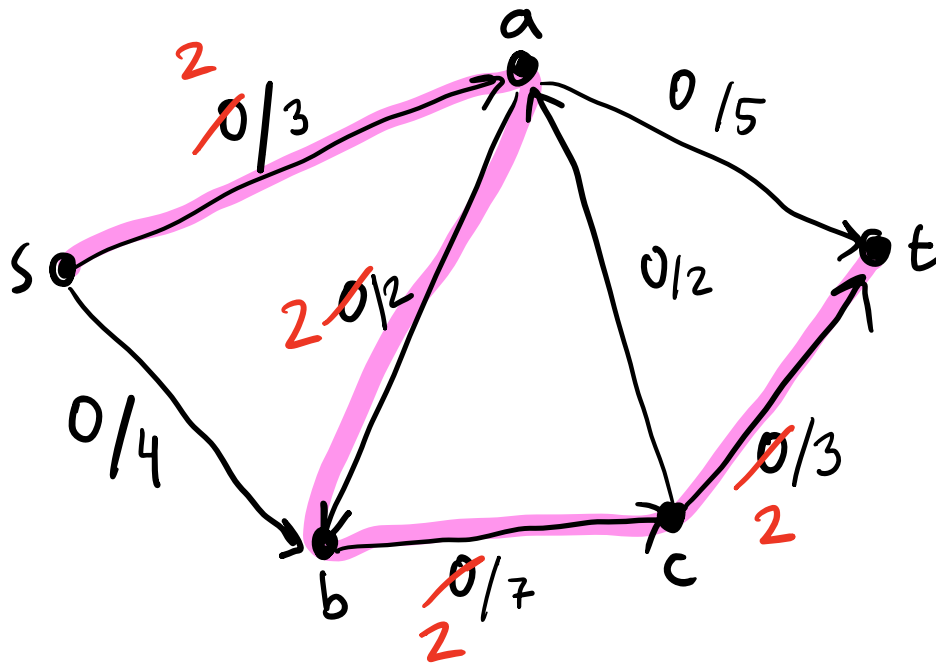


Initialize zero-flow:



First residual:



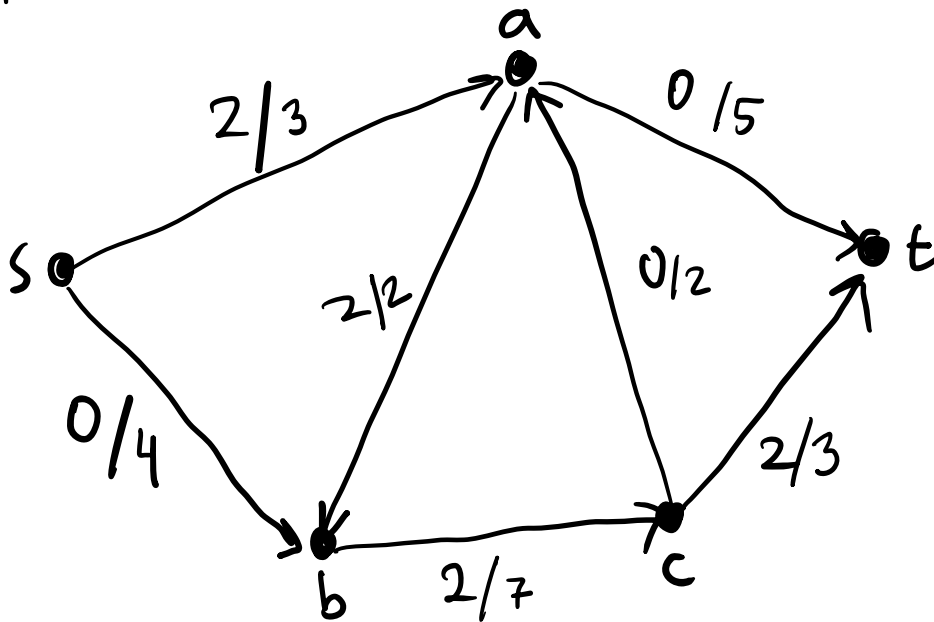


augmenting path 1

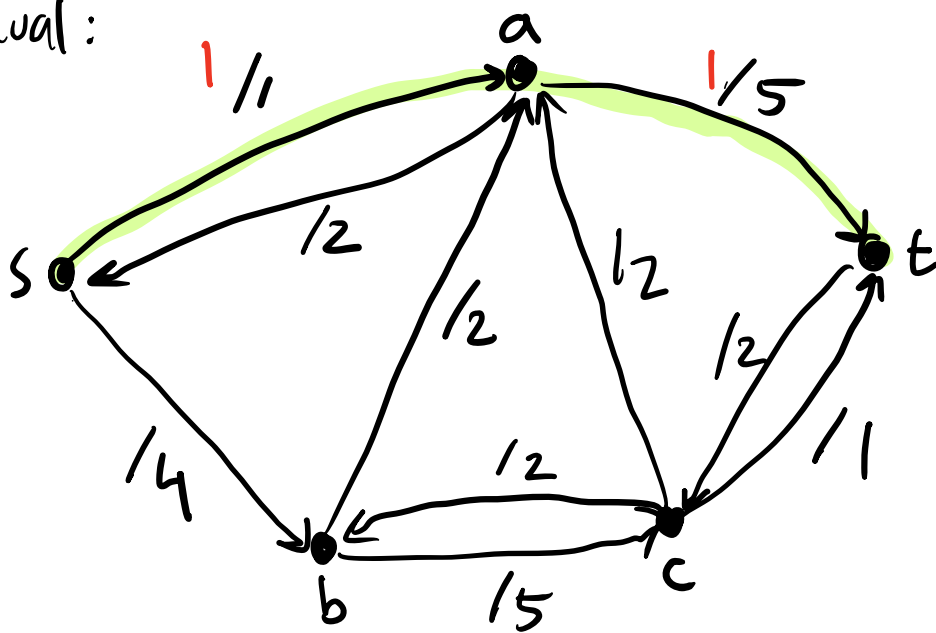
$$C_f = \min \{ C_f(u,v) : (u,v) \in P \}$$

$$= \{3, 2, 7, 3\} = 2$$

update flow in network



Residual:

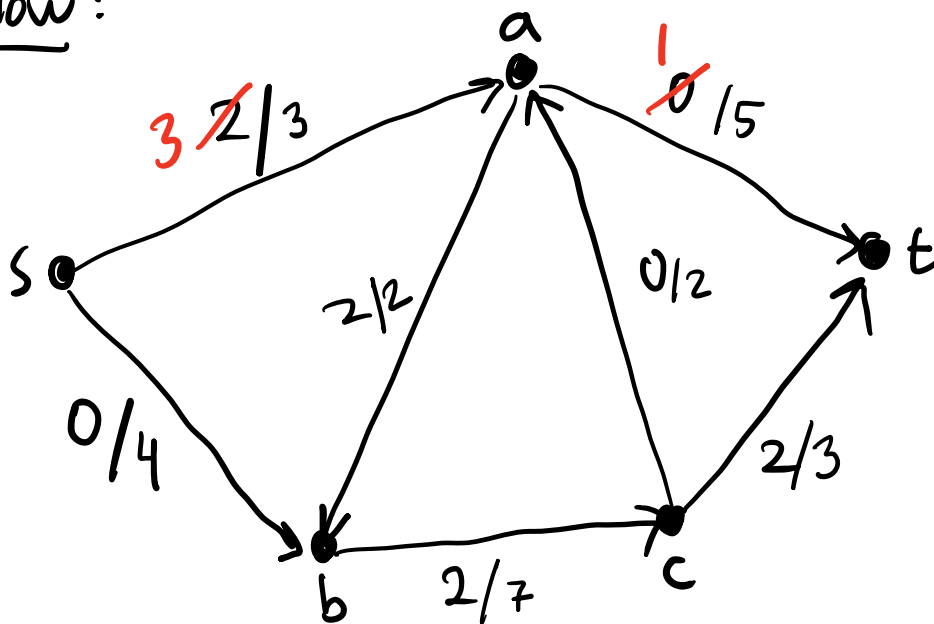


augmenting path

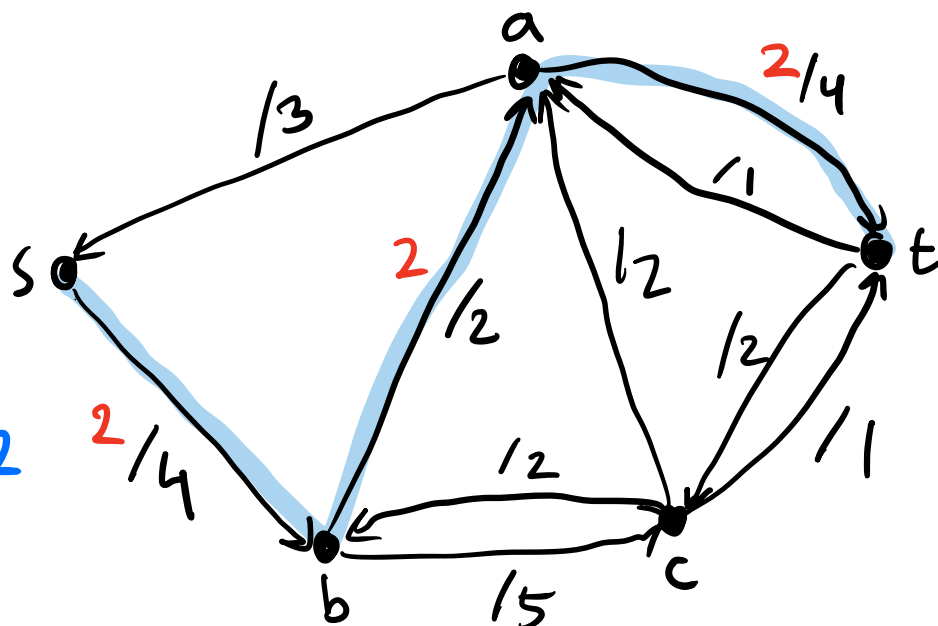
capacity

$$\min\{1, 5\} = 1$$

Updated Flow:

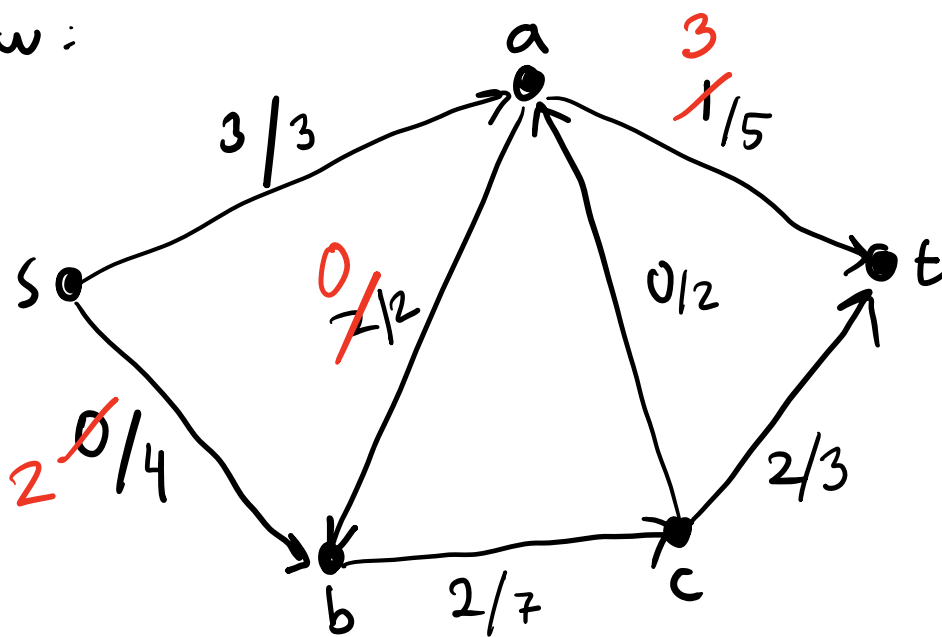


residual:

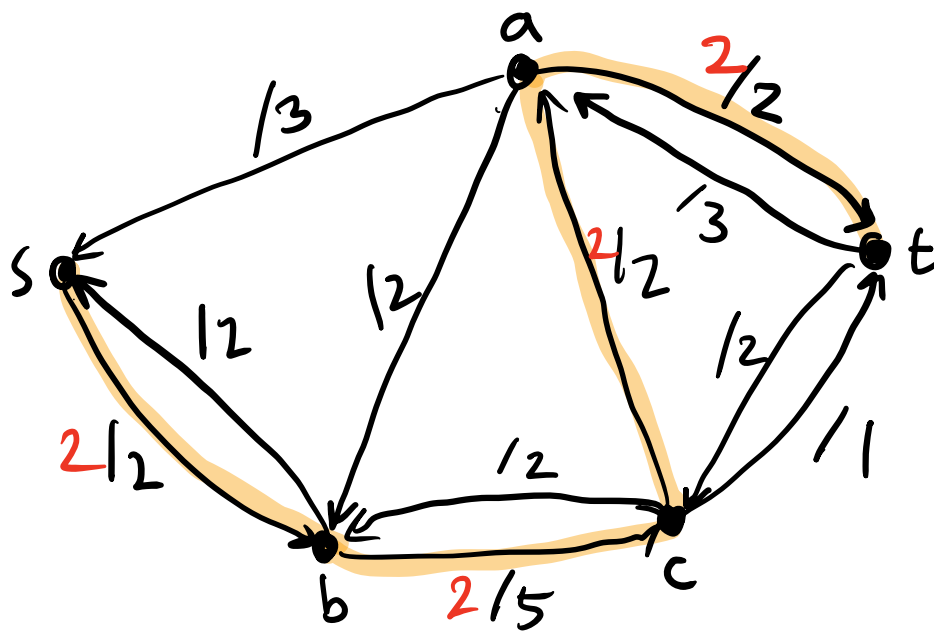


$$\min\{4, 2, 4\} = 2$$

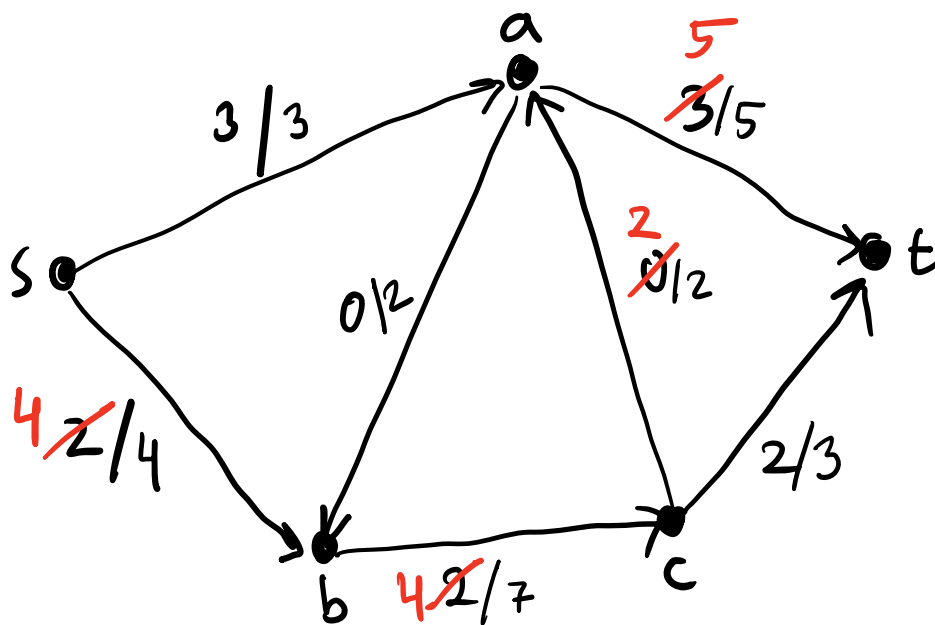
New flow:



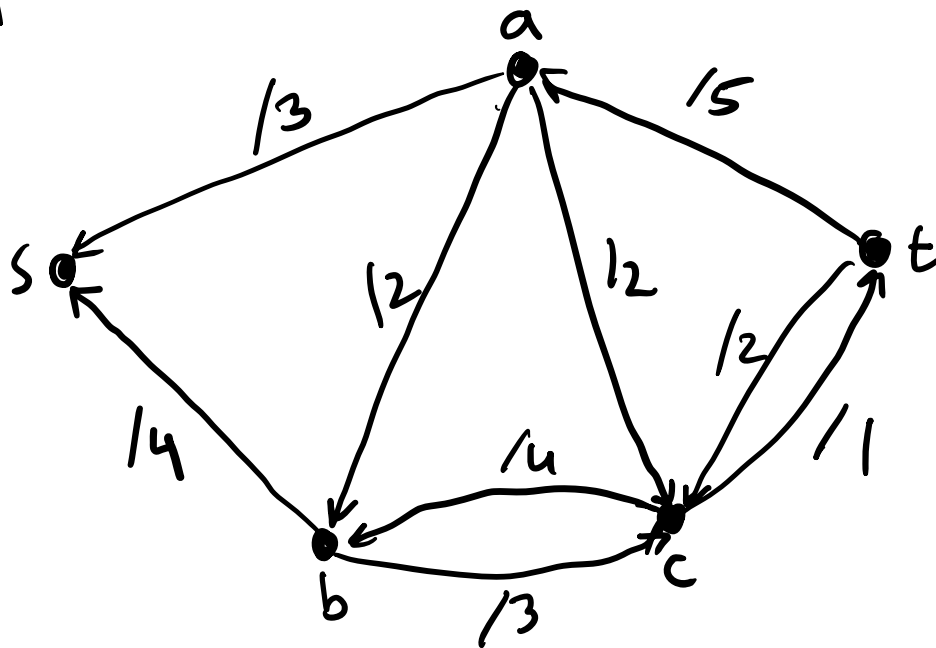
residual:



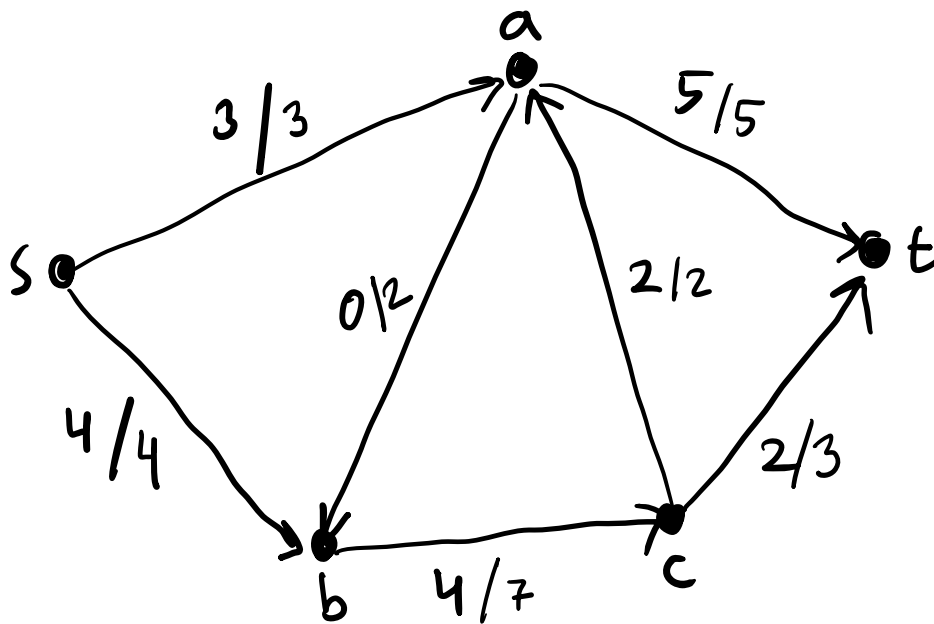
New flow:



Residual



for sure no paths left! Terminate

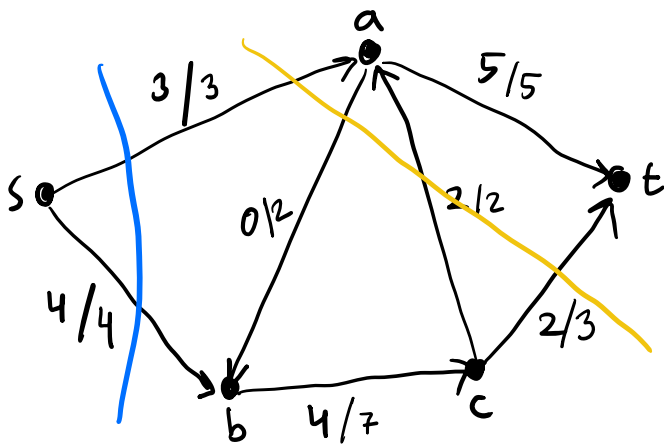


Sanity check:

$$(F1) \quad 0 \leq f(u,v) \leq c(u,v) \quad \forall u,v \in V$$

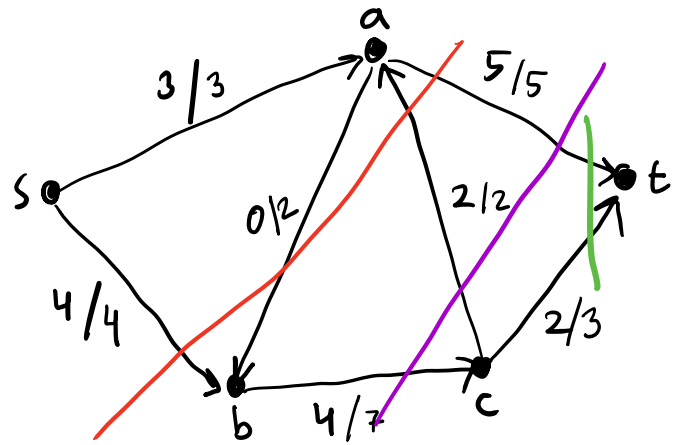
$$(F2) \quad \underbrace{\sum_{u \in V} f(u,v)}_{\text{in flow}} = \underbrace{\sum_{u \in V} f(v,u)}_{\text{out flow}} \quad \forall v \in V$$

$$|f| = \sum_{v \in V} f(s, v) - \sum_{v \in V} f(v, s) = (3+4) - 0 = 7$$



cut = 7
(min)

$$3 + 2 + 2 = 7$$



$$4 + 5 = 9$$

$$4 + 5 = 9$$

$$5 + 2 = 7$$

Many min-cuts! Also many max-flows

